Ted Tsukiyama Papers

Finding Aid

AJA 002

Archives & Manuscripts Department
University of Hawaii at Manoa Library

August 2006
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Introductory Information

Collection Name: Ted Tsukiyama Papers

Collection Number: AJA 002


Size of Collection: 20.0 linear feet

Creator of Papers: Ted Tsukiyama

Abstract:

Ted T. Tsukiyama (1920-) of Honolulu, Hawaii, was a member of first the Varsity Victory Volunteers, then the 442nd Regimental Combat Team’s 522nd Field Artillery Battalion during World War II. Not long after he joined the 442nd he was transferred to the Military Intelligence Service. He was ultimately assigned to the 10th Army Air Force where he did radio intercept work. Following World War II, Tsukiyama received his bachelor’s degree from Indiana University and then graduated from Yale Law School in 1950. In 1951, Tsukiyama married Fuku Yokoyama and had one daughter and two sons. Beginning in 1952, he worked for four years in the Attorney’s Office of the City and County of Honolulu. In 1956, Tsukiyama joined the law firm of Okumura & Takushi, and then in 1967, he established his own practice, specializing in labor-management arbitration. Since the end of the war, Tsukiyama has remained active in the 442nd RCT Veterans Club, the MIS Veterans Club, and the VVV. He has served as the historian for both the 442nd and MIS veterans clubs. The Honda Hongwanji Mission in Honolulu has also named him a “Living Treasure of Hawaii.”

The collection contains material on the 100th Infantry Battalion, 442nd Regimental Combat Team, 522nd Field Artillery Battalion, Military Intelligence Service, Varsity Victory Volunteers, and Hawaii and World War II. Each series is arranged alphabetically by subject. While some materials are contemporary to World War II, the bulk of the collection was generated as a result of Tsukiyama’s research in the 1980s and 1990s. The collection reflects Tsukiyama’s extensive research and activity in the Japanese American community in Hawaii following his service in World War II. The collection contains correspondence as well as writings by Tsukiyama and other researchers which include: Hung Wai Ching, Lynn Crost, Franklin Odo, Andrew Ono, Richard Sakakida, Bud Smyser, and Ralph Yempuku. The collection also contains clipping files as well as photographs and other audiovisual and oversized materials.
Administrative Information

Repository Information: Archives & Manuscripts Department
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Honolulu, Hawaii 96822
Phone: (808) 956-6047
Fax: (808) 956-5968
Email: archives@hawaii.edu
URL: http://libweb.hawaii.edu/libdept/archives/

Processing Archivist: Laura Capell

Completion Date: August 2006

Restrictions: None


Preferred Citation: [Identification of item], Ted Tsukiyama Papers, Archives & Manuscripts Department, University of Hawaii at Manoa Library.

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Biographical Sketch

Ted T. Tsukiyama (1920-) was born in Honolulu, Hawaii, on 13 December 1920 to Seinosuke and Yoshiko Kagawa Tsukiyama. His father Seinosuke Tsukiyama, a 1908 graduate of Keio University, came to Hawaii in 1911 to work as a merchant. He and his wife Yoshiko had five children who attended public school and Japanese language school. All five children graduated from college.

Ted Tsukiyama graduated from Roosevelt High School in 1939 and attended the University of Hawaii from 1939 until America entered World War II in 1941. As an ROTC member, he was inducted into the Hawaii Territorial Guard following the bombing of Pearl Harbor on 7 December 1941. After all soldiers of Japanese American heritage were dismissed from the Hawaii Territorial Guard on 19 January 1942, Tsukiyama joined the Varsity Victory Volunteers (VVV) on 25 February 1942. The VVV was a volunteer labor unit comprised of 170 former members of the Hawaii Territorial Guard that was assigned to the 34th Army Engineers at Schofield Barracks to assist in military construction projects.

In February 1943, Tsukiyama volunteered for the newly organized 442nd Regimental Combat Team. He trained with the 442nd RCT’s 522nd Field Artillery Battalion at Camp Shelby, Mississippi, until August 1943, when he was transferred to Military Intelligence School at Camp Savage, Minnesota, and trained in signal intelligence. From March 1944 until the end of the war, he was assigned to the 10th Army Air Force stationed in India and Burma, where he did radio intercept work and translated intercepted communications of the Japanese army air force in Burma.

Following World War II, Tsukiyama received his bachelor’s degree from Indiana University in 1947 and then graduated from Yale Law School in 1950. He passed the Hawaii State Bar examination in 1950 and then started his professional career as an associate of attorney Masaji Marumoto.

On 17 February 1951, Tsukiyama married Fuku Yokoyama of Salinas, California, and the couple had one daughter and two sons.

Beginning in 1952, he worked for four years with the City and County of Honolulu’s Attorney’s Office. In 1956, Tsukiyama joined the law firm of Okumura & Takushi, and then in 1967, he established his own practice, specializing in labor-management arbitration.

Tsukiyama began his career in arbitration in 1958, participating in collective bargaining agreements with the sugar and pineapple industries and the International Longshore and Warehouse Union (ILWU). Since 1959, he has issued over 500 arbitration decisions and participated in over 50 mediation cases. In 1963, he began a lengthy tenure as the Honolulu Port Arbitrator for the ILWU and has served on numerous panels and committees, including the Hawaii Employment Relations Board, the Federal Mediation & Conciliation Service Panel, the American Arbitration Association, and the National Academy of Arbitrators.
Since the end of the war, Tsukiyama has remained active in the 442<sup>nd</sup> RCT Veterans Club, the MIS Veterans Club, and the VVV. He has served as the historian for both the 442<sup>nd</sup> and MIS veterans clubs, and he has been an active participant in numerous research endeavors, including the 100<sup>th</sup>/442<sup>nd</sup> archival research project, the 522<sup>nd</sup> Field Artillery Dachau research committee, the MIS oral history project, and the “Brothers in Valor” monument committee.

Tsukiyama has also been active in many community organizations, including Harris United Methodist Church, the Japanese Cultural Center, and various local, national, and international bonsai groups. The Honda Hongwanji Mission in Honolulu has also named him a “Living Treasure of Hawaii.”
Scope & Content Note

The Ted Tsukiyama Papers have been organized into six series: 100th Infantry Battalion, 442nd Regimental Combat Team, 522nd Field Artillery Battalion, Military Intelligence Service (MIS), Varsity Victory Volunteers, and Hawaii and World War II. Most of the materials are arranged in alphabetical order by subject headings assigned by Ted Tsukiyama. The majority of the materials were created postwar.

The series “100th Infantry Battalion” includes correspondence, documents, interviews, newsletters, articles and clippings, and other materials related to the wartime activities of the 100th Infantry Battalion.

The series “442nd Regimental Combat Team” includes correspondence, documents, interviews, speeches, newsletters, articles and clippings, and other materials related to the wartime activities of the 442nd Regimental Combat Team. Also included are materials related to the publication of Honor by Fire, the first comprehensive history of Japanese American soldiers in World War II, published in 1994.

The series “522nd Field Artillery Battalion” contains correspondence, documents, scholarly writings, photographs, articles and clippings, interview transcripts, personal accounts, and other materials relating to the wartime activities, history, and personnel of the 522nd FAB and the liberation of Dachau inmates. Also included are materials related to the publication of Fire for Effect, the unit history of the 522nd published in 1998.

The series “Military Intelligence Service” contains materials regarding the wartime service of Richard Sakakida collected by Ted Tsukiyama and others in an effort to secure military honors for his service in the MIS during World War II. The series also contains correspondence, interviews, newsletters, videos, articles and clippings, and other materials related to the wartime activities of the MIS and MISLS.

The series “Varsity Victory Volunteers” contains correspondence, documents, scholarly writings, photographs, articles and clippings, and other materials documenting the activities, history, and personnel of the Varsity Victory Volunteers from its formation in 1942 through 2002. Materials are arranged alphabetically according to subject. Most of the materials in this series were originally part of the Hawaii War Records Depository but were transferred into the Japanese American Veterans Collection in June 2005 by the University Archivist.

The series “Hawaii and World War II” includes materials concerning wartime history and politics in Hawaii. Specific topics include: the wartime activities of Chiune Sugihara, the subject of the film Visas for Life; materials relating to the evacuation and internment of Japanese Americans during World War II; materials relating to the 50th Anniversary of the attack on Pearl Harbor; and Ted Tsukiyama’s account of the attack on Pearl Harbor for Lawrence Rodrigg’s book We Remember Pearl Harbor. Most of the materials were generated postwar, but this series does include some wartime documents as well as copies of National Archives records regarding martial law, Japanese Americans, and Hawaii during the war.
Subject files in the various series contain a variety of materials including correspondence, writings, reports, articles and clippings, personal accounts, programs, brochures, notes, and newsletters. Folders entitled “Copies of Documents” contain duplicates from other archival repositories, most notably the National Archives.

The material is largely in good condition. Old paper clips, staples, and rubber bands were removed and replaced with archival quality paper clips. Newspaper clippings were highly acidic; many were photocopied for retention and the originals discarded. Photographs, negatives, oversized materials, and audiovisual materials were removed for separate storage to increase their stability.
Series Descriptions

Series 1: 100th Infantry Battalion


Size of Series: 1.0 linear foot

Physical Format: Papers and VHS videotape

Arrangement: Alphabetical by subject

Description of Contents:

Materials collected by Ted Tsukiyama documenting the activities, history, and personnel of the 100th Infantry Battalion from its formation in 1942 through 2004. Three days after the attack on Pearl Harbor, all Japanese Americans serving in the Hawaii National Guard were required to surrender their weapons and they were placed under guard. Military officials originally planned to dismiss them from the guard, but instead were convinced to form a unit comprised of Japanese Americans. Thus, on 5 June 1942, about 1,400 Nisei soldiers were sent to the Mainland for training at Camp McCoy in Wisconsin and then at Camp Shelby in Mississippi. Due to their impressive training record, the War Department called for volunteers to serve in the newly formed 442nd Regimental Combat Team. In the late summer of 1943, the 100th was sent overseas, where the unit fought with distinction in Italy. When the 442nd arrived in Italy in the summer of 1944, the 100th was attached to it in place of the 1st Battalion. The 100th remained with the 442nd throughout the rest of the war, seeing action in both France and Italy.

This series contains correspondence, documents, interviews, newsletters, articles and clippings, and other materials related to the wartime activities of the 100th Infantry Battalion. Materials are arranged alphabetically according to subject and reflect the original folder titles assigned by Ted Tsukiyama. Most of the material was generated postwar (mostly during the 1990s), though the series does contain copies of some wartime documents.

Noteworthy subjects include:

- Awards, Decorations, and Honors: Includes articles, correspondence, and copies of wartime documents
- Correspondence, 1991-2003: Concerning research on the history of the 100th/442nd
- One Puka Puka 100th Battalion video
• Oral History Interviews: Includes interview transcripts for James Lovell (executive officer to the 100th Infantry Battalion) and Sakae Takahashi (lieutenant in the 100th Infantry Battalion)
• Origins and History: Includes writings and copies of wartime documents
• Personnel: Includes lists, articles, and clippings
• Publicity and Public Relations: Includes articles and clippings
• *Puka Puka Parade Newsletter*, 1981-2004
Series 2: 442\textsuperscript{nd} Regimental Combat Team


Size of Series: 4.0 linear feet

Physical Format: Papers, photographs, maps, and clippings

Arrangement: Alphabetical by subject

Description of Contents:

Materials collected by Ted Tsukiyama documenting the activities, history, and personnel of the 442\textsuperscript{nd} Regimental Combat Team from its formation in 1941 through 2004. On March 23, 1943, the War Department organized an all-Japanese American army combat unit. A month later, over 4,000 volunteers (2,686 from Hawaii, 1,500 from American internment camps) assembled for training at Camp Shelby, Mississippi. In May 1944, the 442\textsuperscript{nd} was sent to Italy where it was joined by the 100\textsuperscript{th}. The 442\textsuperscript{nd} saw action in both Italy and France. The 442\textsuperscript{nd} Regimental Combat Team became the most decorated unit of its size and length of time in battle in United States military history.

This series contains correspondence, documents, interviews, speeches, newsletters, articles and clippings, and other materials related to the wartime activities of the 442\textsuperscript{nd} Regimental Combat Team. Also included are materials related to the publication of Honor by Fire, the first comprehensive history of Japanese American soldiers in World War II, published in 1994. Materials are arranged alphabetically according to subject and reflect the original folder titles assigned by Ted Tsukiyama. A majority of the material was generated postwar (mostly during the 1990s), though the series does contain copies of some wartime documents.

Noteworthy subjects include:

- Anniversaries: Includes speeches, programs, fliers, correspondence, and newsletters
- Awards: Includes copies of Army citations, lists of awardees, and clippings
- Bruyeres Trip: Includes photographs and clippings from 1994 trip by veterans to France
- Companies: Covers 232\textsuperscript{nd} Engineers, I Company, K Company, Anti-Tank Company, Medics, and Service Company. Includes copies of citations and other wartime documents, many articles, and results of National Archives research. Also includes biographies and oral histories of specific members
- Lynn Crost: A correspondent during World War II and a former Star-Bulletin reporter, Lynn Crost wrote the book Honor by Fire. Includes correspondence with Tsukiyama and clippings regarding her book as well as issues regarding Japanese American veterans
- Lost Battalion: Includes maps and manuscripts of “Why the 442nd? Rescue of the Lost Battalion” by Andrew Ono
- National Archives Research Project: Contains materials relating to the 100th/442nd Research Project, particularly notes, correspondence, and copies of documents from the National Archives
- Origins and History: Includes some correspondence, clippings, chronology of 442nd, and related National Archives documents
- Personnel: Includes personnel lists, personal accounts, and other articles
- Speeches: Includes printed copies of various speeches given by Tsukiyama, also includes copies of assorted speeches by others such as Bud Smyser and William Kaneko
Series 3: 522nd Field Artillery Battalion


Size of Series: 2.5 linear feet

Physical Format: Papers, photographs, and 3 ½-inch computer disk

Arrangement: Alphabetical by subject

Description of Contents:

Materials gathered by Ted Tsukiyama documenting the activities, history, and personnel of the 522nd Field Artillery Battalion (FAB) from World War II through 1998. The 522nd Field Artillery Battalion, a unit of the 442nd Regimental Combat Team, was one of the most efficient artillery units serving in Europe during the war. The 522nd FAB saw action in Italy and France alongside the 442nd RCT. In March 1945, the 522nd FAB was separated from the 442nd RCT and sent to Germany with the 7th Army, where it helped liberate Dachau concentration camp survivors of the Landsberg-Kaufering Death March.

This series contains correspondence, documents, scholarly writings, photographs, articles and clippings, interview transcripts, personal accounts, and other materials relating to the wartime activities of the 522nd FAB and the liberation of Dachau inmates. Also included are materials related to the publication of Fire for Effect, the unit history of the 522nd published in 1998. Materials are arranged alphabetically according to subject and reflect the original folder titles assigned by Ted Tsukiyama. A majority of the material was generated postwar (mostly during the 1980s and 1990s), though the series does contain copies of some wartime publications, including the 522nd newspaper High Angle.

Noteworthy subjects include:

- 522nd Historical Album Committee Minutes, 1997-1998: Regarding the publication of Fire for Effect
- The “522nd Field Artillery Battalion and the Holocaust,” a report by the 522nd Dachau Research Committee and the 442nd History Committee: Includes research materials and drafts
- Correspondence, 1984-1998: Regarding the wartime activities of the 522nd, the liberation of Dachau inmates, and postwar activities and research
- Dachau Research: Includes correspondence, timelines, writings, and research on the Dachau Concentration Camp
- Fire for Effect: Includes correspondence, research materials and drafts
• Solly Ganor: Includes correspondence from 1991-1996 with Ganor, a Dachau survivor
• Liberation of Dachau: Includes correspondence, articles, clippings, research materials, and other materials concerning the liberation of Dachau inmates by the 522nd FAB
• Origins and History: Includes materials documenting the origins and history of the 522nd FAB
• Personal Accounts: Includes correspondence, articles, writings, and memoirs of 522nd veterans
• Photographs: Includes photos of the liberation of Dachau inmates by the 522nd
Series 4: Military Intelligence Service


Size of Series: 6.0 linear feet

Physical Format: Papers, photographs, audio cassettes, CD-ROM, 3 ½ -inch computer disks, and VHS videotape

Arrangement: Alphabetical by subject

Description of Contents:

Materials collected by Ted Tsukiyama documenting the activities, history, and personnel of the Military Intelligence Service (MIS) as well as the Military Intelligence Service Language School (MISLS) from 1942 through 2006. Over 6,000 Japanese Americans worked for the MIS during World War II. Japanese Americans were recruited from the 100th and 442nd as well as from America’s internment camps. The primary venue for training was at the MISLS at the Presidio in San Francisco, although other branches existed at Camp Savage and Fort Snelling, Minnesota. The MIS graduates were dispatched to every combat theater during World War II and are credited with shortening the war by virtue of the intelligence their translations afforded the army.

This series also contains materials regarding the wartime service of Richard Sakakida that were collected by Ted Tsukiyama and others in an effort to secure military honors for Sakakida’s service in the MIS during World War II (biographical materials, copies of military service records, correspondence, clippings). It also contains correspondence, interviews, newsletters, videos, articles and clippings, and other materials related to the wartime activities of the MIS and MISLS. Materials are arranged alphabetically according to subject and reflect the original folder titles assigned by Ted Tsukiyama. Most of the material was generated postwar (mostly during the 1990s), though the series does contain copies of some wartime documents.

Noteworthy subjects:

- Anniversaries: Includes photos, programs, correspondence, a brochures from 50th anniversary reunion, copies of speeches given, and attendee lists
- Awards: Includes award lists, press releases, correspondence, copies of wartime documents, articles, clippings, and a copy of program from Hawaii’s Medal of Honor Salute
- Correspondence: Includes letters between Tsukiyama and various individuals and organizations
- Field Assignments: Includes copies of wartime and post-war documents pertaining to the field assignments of members of the MIS. Also includes articles and clippings. Materials
arranged by mission covering: China-Burma-India (CBI) Theater, Dixie Mission, Merrill’s Marauders, Okinawa, OSS, Pacific Theater, and Southwest Pacific

- MIS Album: Includes articles, drafts, and correspondence
- MIS Veterans Club: Includes directories, newsletters, reports, and various records of activities
- MISLS: Includes articles and clippings covering the origins and history of the schools at Camp Savage, MN, Ft. Snelling, MN, and Monterey, CA
- Oral History: Includes notes, correspondence, and histories of Hoichi Kubo and James McNaughton
- Personnel: Includes MISLS graduate lists, wartime and contemporary personnel lists, and the personal account of Kojiro Kawaguchi
- Photographs: Includes images of MISLS students and postwar MIS activities
- Postwar: Includes articles, correspondence, and transcript of Japanese Emperor’s message of surrender to Japanese citizens as translated by MIS
- Recruitment: Includes articles, correspondence, and wartime documents
- Richard Sakakida: Includes articles, clippings, research, honors and awards pertaining to Sakakida’s counterintelligence missions in Japan during World War II
- Speeches: Includes drafts as well as completed speeches by Tsukiyama
- USS Missouri: Includes correspondence, articles, and clippings pertaining to the USS Missouri Memorial Association and MIS veterans’ involvement
- Z Plan: Includes articles and related documents covering the discovery and translation of the Japanese document. The Z Plan contained defensive plans against Allied attacks on Japan in the South Pacific as well as methods for engaging American naval forces in battle. It was never enacted.
Series 5:  Varsity Victory Volunteers


Size of Series:  3.5 linear feet

Physical Format:  Papers, photographs, negatives, CD-ROM, and VHS videotape

Arrangement:  Alphabetical by subject

Description of Contents:

Materials accumulated by Ted Tsukiyama documenting the activities, history, and personnel of the Varsity Victory Volunteers from its formation in 1942 through 2002. Following the attack on Pearl Harbor, members of the University of Hawaii ROTC were formed into the Hawaii Territorial Guard, but on 19 January 1942, all Japanese American members of the Guard were dismissed. These students then petitioned to form the Varsity Victory Volunteers (VVV), which was assigned to the 34th Army Engineers at Schofield Barracks to assist in military construction projects. In 1943, the VVV disbanded so that its members could volunteer for the newly formed 442nd Regimental Combat Team. The former members of the VVV served with distinction in the 442nd RCT and the Military Intelligence Service for the remainder of World War II.

This series contains correspondence, documents, scholarly writings, photographs, articles and clippings, and other materials related to the Varsity Victory Volunteers, including their VVV activities, wartime military service, and postwar activities. Materials are arranged alphabetically according to subject. Subject headings reflect the original folder titles assigned by Ted Tsukiyama. Most of the materials in this series were originally part of the Hawaii War Records Depository but were transferred into the Japanese American Veterans Collection in June 2005 by the University Archivist.

Most of the material was generated postwar (mostly from the 1980s through 2002), although the series does contain some wartime materials, including correspondence from Ted Tsukiyama, Ralph Yempuku and others, as well as photographs, copies of the 1942 yearbook The Volunteer, photocopies of the newsletter “The Volunteer” dating from 1942-1943, and photocopies of official records documenting the military service of VVV members. Numerous articles and speeches written by Ted Tsukiyama are interspersed throughout the series.

Noteworthy subjects:

- Anniversary Reunions, 1952-2002: Includes handouts, correspondence, a VHS videotape, and other materials regarding planning
• Articles and Clippings: Materials relating to the history and activities of the VVV
• Hung Wai Ching: He was known as the “Father of the VVV.” Includes biographical information, correspondence, and documentation in support of the VVV’s nomination of Ching for a Japanese Imperial Award and UH Honorary Degree in 1989
• Hawaii Territorial Guard: Includes photographs and copies of wartime documents, as well as post-war correspondence, writings, articles, and clippings
• Honor Roll: Contains information on military honors awarded to VVV members during their military service in World War II and members of the VVV who died during the war
• Charles Hemenway: One of the principal founders of the University of Hawaii and member of the Board of Regents 1910-1940 (chairman 1920-1940); he is credited with preventing the mass evacuation of Japanese Americans from Hawaii during World War II. Includes copies of correspondence between Hemenway and Tsukiyama during World War II, biographical information, and materials regarding the Charles Hemenway Scholarship Trust. (See also the Charles Hemenway materials in the University Archives.)
• “I Am a Volunteer”: Includes copies of a manuscript on the VVV experience by Lieutenant Tommy Kaulukukui
• Franklin Odo: Includes correspondence regarding the development and writing of Odo’s book on the VVV, No Sword to Bury, as well as drafts
• Personnel: Includes lists and rosters of VVV members
• Photographs: Includes group photos of the VVV and numerous photographs taken by Ted Tsukiyama documenting the work and social activities of VVV members, as well as digital images
• Bud Smyser: Contains documents relating to VVV’s advocacy for A.A. “Bud” Smyser to receive an honorary degree from the University of Hawaii due to his coverage of veterans’ issues and service to the people of Hawaii. Includes correspondences, biographical information about Smyser, and articles and clippings both by and about Smyser
• Speeches: Includes speeches on topics relating to the VVV by Ted Tsukiyama and others
• Triple V Project: Includes articles, copies of wartime Emergency Service Committee Correspondence, and biographical data questionnaires
• UH Memorial: Includes correspondence and documentation concerning the VVV’s successful effort to construct a VVV memorial on the UH campus
• Wartime Service: Includes writings and copies of wartime documents concerning the VVV
• Ralph Yempuku: Includes VVV and postwar correspondence, biographical information, and other materials relating to Yempuku’s service with the VVV and the MIS
Series 6: Hawaii and World War II


Size of Series: 3.0 linear feet

Physical Format: Papers, photographs, and architectural plans

Arrangement: Alphabetical by subject

Description of Contents:

This series contains materials regarding Hawaii and World War II as well as the evacuation, internment, and military service of Japanese Americans accumulated by Ted Tsukiyama during and following World War II.

Also included are materials concerning the wartime activities of Chiune Sugihara, the Japanese Ambassador to Lithuania during the beginning of the war and who is the subject of the film *Visas for Life*; correspondence; copies of National Archives documents; material relating to the 50th Anniversary of the attack on Pearl Harbor; and Ted Tsukiyama’s account of the attack on Pearl Harbor for Lawrence Rodrigg’s book *We Remember Pearl Harbor*. Also included are postwar clippings and writings regarding wartime, Hawaii history, and Hawaii politics.

Most of the materials were generated postwar, but this series does include some wartime documents as well as copies of National Archives records regarding martial law, Japanese Americans, and Hawaii during the war.

Noteworthy subjects:

- Anniversaries: Includes convention itineraries and programs as well as articles and clippings
- Brothers in Valor Memorial: Includes correspondence, fundraising materials, and architectural plans for the memorial in Waikiki
- Cultural Encounters in the Pacific War: Includes correspondence, copies of papers given, and a copy of the proceedings of conference at East-West Center
- Evacuation and Internment: Includes articles, clippings, wartime documents, and a book of curriculum materials for students
- Hawaii in World War II: Includes original wartime documents, articles, and book excerpts
- Kansha: Includes programs, writings, articles, clippings, and correspondence surrounding the 100th anniversary of Japanese in Hawaii as well as the research and awards that emerged following the anniversary
- Martial Law in Hawaii: Includes copies of wartime documents
• McKinley High School Yearbook for 1944: Includes dedication to alumni who served in World War II
• Pearl Harbor 50th Anniversary: Includes articles and clippings from both local and national sources
• Chiune Sugihara: Includes articles, clippings, and correspondence relating to the Japanese Ambassador to Lithuania during the beginning of the war who helped Jews escape to Japan and China. Sugihara is the subject of the film Visas for Life